## MATH 510, Spring 2024

## Homework 1

Due Friday, Jan 26, at $3: 20 \mathrm{pm}$. Hand in hard copy at the beginning of class. You should typeset your solutions in $\mathrm{T}_{\mathbf{E}} \mathrm{X}$.

- Write the problem statement followed by a proof or solution.
- List problems in the same order they were given.
- If you skip a problem, include the problem statement with no solution.

1. Let $W_{1}$ and $W_{2}$ be subspaces of a vector space $V$ such that the union $W_{1} \cup W_{2}$ is a subspace of $V$. Prove that one of the subspaces $W_{i}$ is contained in the other.
2. Let $V$ be a finite-dimensional space over a field $F$. Suppose $W_{1}$ and $W_{2}$ are subspaces of $V$ with $\operatorname{dim} W_{1}=\operatorname{dim} W_{2}$. Prove there is a subspace $U \leq V$ such that $V=W_{1} \oplus U=W_{2} \oplus U$.

Hint: In the case $W_{1} \neq W_{2}$, use the previous problem to show there is a vector in $V$ which is not in $W_{1} \cup W_{2}$.
3. Let $V$ be the vector space of all functions from $\mathbb{R}$ to $\mathbb{R}$ (see [HK, §2.1, Example 3]). Let $V_{\mathrm{e}}$ be the subset of even functions, $f(-x)=f(x)$; let $V_{\mathrm{o}}$ be the subset of odd functions $f(-x)=-f(x)$.
(a) Prove that $V_{\mathrm{e}}$ and $V_{\mathrm{o}}$ are subspaces of $V$.
(b) Prove that $V_{\mathrm{e}}+V_{\mathrm{o}}=V$.
(c) Prove that $V_{\mathrm{e}} \cap V_{\mathrm{o}}=\{0\}$.
4. Let $V=\mathbb{R}$ be the set of all real numbers. Regard $V$ as a vector space over the field of rational numbers $\mathbb{Q}$, with the usual operations. Prove that this vector space is not finite-dimensional.
5. Let $W_{1}, W_{2}, \ldots, W_{n}$ be subspaces of a vector space $V$ such that $V=W_{1}+$ $W_{2}+\cdots+W_{n}$. Suppose that $W_{i} \cap\left(W_{1}+W_{2}+\cdots+\widehat{W}_{i}+\cdots+W_{n}\right)=\left\{\mathbf{0}_{V}\right\}$ (here $\widehat{W}_{i}$ means the term should be omitted from the expression, and $\mathbf{0}_{V}$ is the zero vector in $V$ ) for all $i$. Show that for each vector $v \in V$ there are unique vectors $w_{i} \in W_{i}$ such that $v=w_{1}+w_{2}+\cdots+w_{n}$.

